

# C1 ALGEBRA

# Answers - Worksheet J

1    **a**  $2x < 6$   
 $x < 3$                       **b**  $3x \geq 21$   
 $x \geq 7$                       **c**  $2x > 8$   
 $x > 4$                       **d**  $3x \leq 36$   
 $x \leq 12$

**e**  $5x \geq -15$                       **f**  $\frac{1}{3}x < 1$                       **g**  $9x \geq 54$                       **h**  $3x < -4$   
 $x \geq -3$                        $x < 3$                        $x \geq 6$                        $x < -\frac{4}{3}$

**i**  $x < 14$                       **j**  $4x \leq -10$                       **k**  $2 < 3x$                       **l**  $5 \geq \frac{1}{2}x$   
 $x \leq -\frac{5}{2}$                        $x > \frac{2}{3}$                        $x \leq 10$

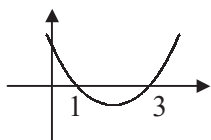
2    **a**  $y > 7$                       **b**  $4p \leq 2$   
 $p \leq \frac{1}{2}$                       **c**  $6 < 2x$   
 $x > 3$

**d**  $2a \geq 4$                       **e**  $15 < 3u$                       **f**  $2b \geq 9$   
 $a \geq 2$                        $u > 5$                        $b \geq \frac{9}{2}$

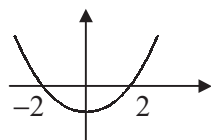
**g**  $3x < -18$                       **h**  $y \geq -13$                       **i**  $-20 \leq 4p$   
 $x < -6$                       **j**  $r - 2 > 6$                        $p \geq -5$   
 $r > 8$                       **k**  $3 - 6t \leq t - 4$                       **l**  $6 + 2x \geq 24 - 4x$   
 $7 \leq 7t$                        $6x \geq 18$   
 $t \geq 1$                        $x \geq 3$

**m**  $7y + 21 - 6y + 2 < 0$                       **n**  $20 - 8x > 21 - 6x$                       **o**  $12u - 3 - 5u + 15 < 9$   
 $y < -23$                        $-1 > 2x$                        $7u < -3$   
 $x < -\frac{1}{2}$                        $u < -\frac{3}{7}$

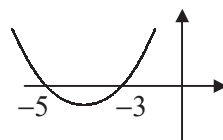
3    **a**  $(x-1)(x-3) < 0$     **b**  $(x+2)(x-2) \leq 0$     **c**  $(x+5)(x+3) < 0$     **d**  $x^2 + 2x - 8 \leq 0$   
 $(x+4)(x-2) \leq 0$



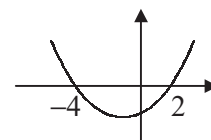
$$\therefore 1 < x < 3$$



$$\therefore -2 \leq x \leq 2$$

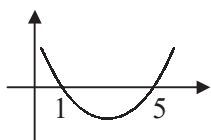


$$\therefore -5 < x < -3$$

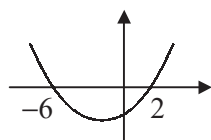


$$\therefore -4 \leq x \leq 2$$

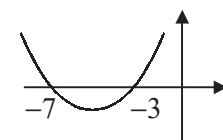
**e**  $(x-1)(x-5) > 0$     **f**  $x^2 + 4x - 12 > 0$   
 $(x+6)(x-2) > 0$     **g**  $(x+7)(x+3) \geq 0$     **h**  $x^2 - 9x - 22 < 0$   
 $(x+2)(x-11) < 0$



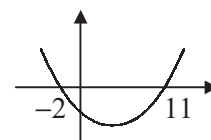
$$\therefore x < 1 \text{ or } x > 5$$



$$\therefore x < -6 \text{ or } x > 2$$

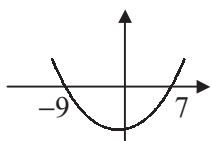


$$\therefore x \leq -7 \text{ or } x \geq -3$$

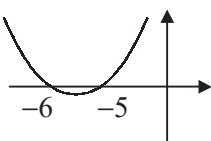


$$\therefore -2 < x < 11$$

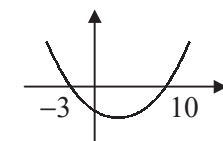
**i**  $x^2 + 2x - 63 \geq 0$   
 $(x+9)(x-7) \geq 0$     **j**  $(x+6)(x+5) > 0$     **k**  $x^2 - 7x - 30 < 0$   
 $(x+3)(x-10) < 0$     **l**  $x^2 - 20x + 91 \geq 0$   
 $(x-7)(x-13) \geq 0$



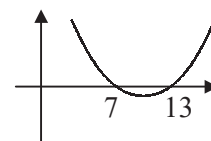
$$\therefore x \leq -9 \text{ or } x \geq 7$$



$$\therefore x < -6 \text{ or } x > -5$$

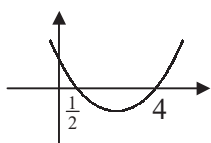


$$\therefore -3 < x < 10$$



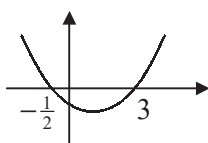
$$\therefore x \leq 7 \text{ or } x \geq 13$$

4 a  $(2x - 1)(x - 4) \leq 0$



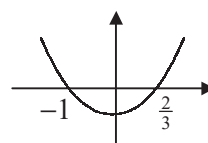
$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq 4$$

b  $(2r + 1)(r - 3) < 0$



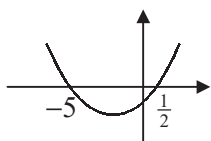
$$\therefore -\frac{1}{2} < r < 3$$

c  $3p^2 + p - 2 \leq 0$   
 $(3p - 2)(p + 1) \leq 0$



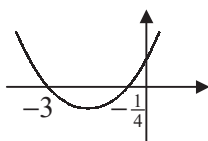
$$\therefore -1 \leq p \leq \frac{2}{3}$$

d  $(2y - 1)(y + 5) > 0$



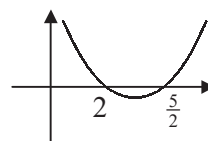
$$\therefore y < -5 \text{ or } y > \frac{1}{2}$$

e  $(4m + 1)(m + 3) < 0$



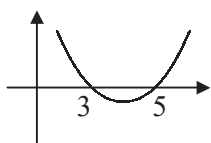
$$\therefore -3 < m < -\frac{1}{4}$$

f  $2x^2 - 9x + 10 \geq 0$   
 $(2x - 5)(x - 2) \geq 0$



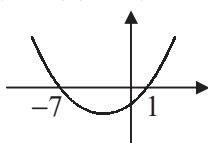
$$\therefore x \leq 2 \text{ or } x \geq \frac{5}{2}$$

g  $a^2 - 8a + 15 < 0$   
 $(a - 3)(a - 5) < 0$



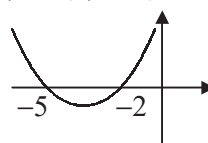
$$\therefore 3 < a < 5$$

h  $x^2 + 4x \leq 7 - 2x$   
 $x^2 + 6x - 7 \leq 0$   
 $(x + 7)(x - 1) \leq 0$



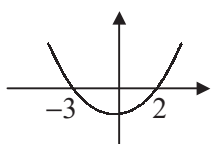
$$\therefore -7 \leq x \leq 1$$

i  $y^2 + 9y > 2y - 10$   
 $y^2 + 7y + 10 > 0$   
 $(y + 5)(y + 2) > 0$



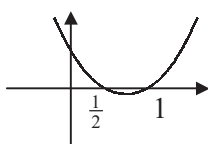
$$\therefore y < -5 \text{ or } y > -2$$

j  $2x^2 + x > x^2 + 6$   
 $x^2 + x - 6 > 0$   
 $(x + 3)(x - 2) < 0$



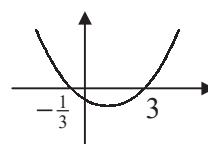
$$\therefore -3 < x < 2$$

k  $5u - 6u^2 < 3 - 4u$   
 $2u^2 - 3u + 1 > 0$   
 $(2u - 1)(u - 1) > 0$



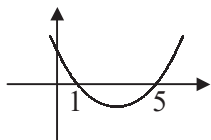
$$\therefore u < \frac{1}{2} \text{ or } u > 1$$

l  $2t + 3 \geq 3t^2 - 6t$   
 $3t^2 - 8t - 3 \leq 0$   
 $(3t + 1)(t - 3) \leq 0$



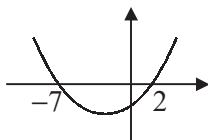
$$\therefore -\frac{1}{3} \leq t \leq 3$$

m  $y^2 - 4y + 4 \leq 2y - 1$   
 $y^2 - 6y + 5 \leq 0$   
 $(y - 1)(y - 5) \leq 0$



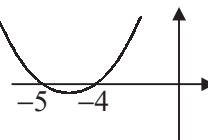
$$\therefore 1 \leq y \leq 5$$

n  $p^2 + 5p + 6 \geq 20$   
 $p^2 + 5p - 14 \geq 0$   
 $(p + 7)(p - 2) \geq 0$

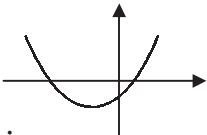
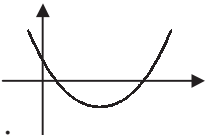
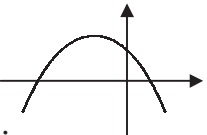
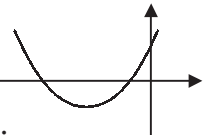
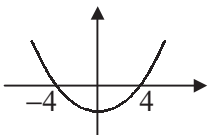
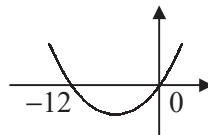
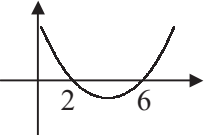
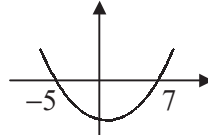


$$\therefore p \leq -7 \text{ or } p \geq 2$$

o  $26 + 4x < 6 - 5x - x^2$   
 $x^2 + 9x + 20 < 0$   
 $(x + 5)(x + 4) < 0$



$$\therefore -5 < x < -4$$

- 5**
- a** for critical values  
 $x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4+4}}{2}$   
 $x = \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{2}}{2}$   
 $x = -1 \pm \sqrt{2}$
- 
- $\therefore -1 - \sqrt{2} < x < -1 + \sqrt{2}$
- b** for critical values  
 $x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36-16}}{2}$   
 $x = \frac{6 \pm 2\sqrt{5}}{2}$   
 $x = 3 \pm \sqrt{5}$
- 
- $\therefore x < 3 - \sqrt{5}$  or  $x > 3 + \sqrt{5}$
- c** for critical values  
 $x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36+44}}{-2}$   
 $x = \frac{6 \pm 4\sqrt{5}}{-2}$   
 $x = -3 \pm 2\sqrt{5}$
- 
- $\therefore -3 - 2\sqrt{5} < x < -3 + 2\sqrt{5}$
- d** for critical values  
 $x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16-4}}{2}$   
 $x = \frac{-4 \pm 2\sqrt{3}}{2}$   
 $x = -2 \pm \sqrt{3}$
- 
- $\therefore x \leq -2 - \sqrt{3}$  or  $x \geq -2 + \sqrt{3}$
- 6**
- a** equal roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac = 0$   
 $36 - 4k = 0$   
 $k = 9$
- b** real and distinct roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac > 0$   
 $4 - 4k > 0$   
 $4 > 4k$   
 $k < 1$
- c** no real roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac < 0$   
 $9 - 4k < 0$   
 $9 < 4k$   
 $k > \frac{9}{4}$
- d** real roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac \geq 0$   
 $k^2 - 16 \geq 0$   
 $(k+4)(k-4) \geq 0$   
 $k \leq -4$  or  $k \geq 4$
- 
- e** equal roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac = 0$   
 $1 + 4k = 0$   
 $k = -\frac{1}{4}$
- f** no real roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac < 0$   
 $k^2 + 12k < 0$   
 $k(k+12) < 0$   
 $-12 < k < 0$
- 
- g** real and distinct roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac > 0$   
 $4 - 4(k-2) > 0$   
 $12 > 4k$   
 $k < 3$
- h** equal roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac = 0$   
 $k^2 - 8k = 0$   
 $k(k-8) = 0$   
 $k = 0$  or  $8$
- i** no real roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac < 0$   
 $k^2 - 4(2k-3) < 0$   
 $k^2 - 8k + 12 < 0$   
 $(k-2)(k-6) < 0$   
 $2 < k < 6$
- 
- j** real roots  
 $\therefore b^2 - 4ac \geq 0$   
 $(k-1)^2 - 36 \geq 0$   
 $k^2 - 2k - 35 \geq 0$   
 $(k+5)(k-7) \geq 0$   
 $k \leq -5$  or  $k \geq 7$
- 

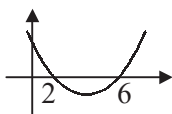
# C1 ALGEBRA

# Answers - Worksheet K

1 a  $4 > \frac{3}{2}y$

$$y < \frac{8}{3}$$

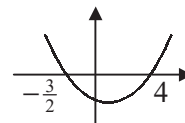
b  $(x-2)(x-6) \geq 0$



$$\therefore x \leq 2 \text{ or } x \geq 6$$

2  $2n^2 - 5n - 12 < 0$

$$(2n+3)(n-4) < 0$$



$$-\frac{3}{2} < n < 4$$

$$n \text{ integer } \therefore n = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$$

3 a  $(x+8) \geq 1.5 \times x$

$$8 \geq 0.5x$$

$$x \leq 16$$

b  $x(x+8) \geq 180$

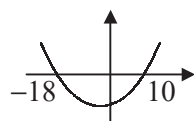
$$x^2 + 8x - 180 \geq 0$$

$$(x+18)(x-10) \geq 0$$

$$x \leq -18 \text{ or } x \geq 10$$

$$\text{but } x > 0 \text{ (width } > 0)$$

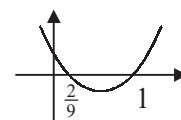
$$\text{and } x \leq 16 \therefore 10 \leq x \leq 16$$



4  $9x^2 - 6x + 1 < 5x - 1$

$$9x^2 - 11x + 2 < 0$$

$$(9x-2)(x-1) < 0$$



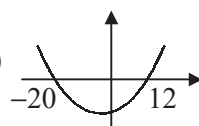
$$\frac{2}{9} < x < 1$$

5  $x = y + 8$

sub.  $y(y+8) \leq 240$

$$y^2 + 8y - 240 \leq 0$$

$$(y+20)(y-12) \leq 0$$



$$-20 \leq y \leq 12$$

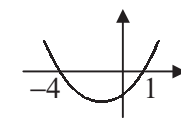
$$x + y = y + 8 + y = 2y + 8$$

$$\therefore \text{max value of } (x+y) = 2(12) + 8 = 32$$

6  $3t^2 - 11t - 4 \geq 2t^2 - 14t$

$$t^2 + 3t - 4 \geq 0$$

$$(t+4)(t-1) \geq 0$$



$$t \leq -4 \text{ or } t \geq 1$$

7 a  $2x^2 + 2x - kx + 8 = 0$

real and distinct roots

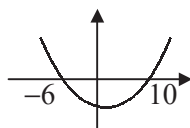
$$\therefore b^2 - 4ac > 0$$

$$(2-k)^2 - 64 > 0$$

$$4 - 4k + k^2 - 64 > 0$$

$$k^2 - 4k - 60 > 0$$

b  $(k+6)(k-10) > 0$



$$k < -6 \text{ or } k > 10$$

8 let height be  $h \therefore h^2 = (3r-4)^2 - r^2$

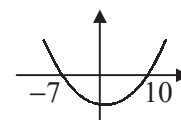
but  $h \leq 24$

$$\therefore h^2 \leq 24^2$$

$$(3r-4)^2 - r^2 \leq 576$$

$$r^2 - 3r - 70 \leq 0$$

$$(r+7)(r-10) \leq 0$$



$$-7 \leq r \leq 10$$

$$\therefore \text{maximum value of } r = 10$$